FOR FIVE DOLLARS

THE MORNING STAR

GOES ONE YEAR.

FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER

Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—Sept. 24

Sun Rises	5 49 A M
Sun Sets	5 54 P M
Day's Length	12 h 05 m
High Water at Southport	5 21 A M
High Water at Wilmington	7.01 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 24.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 64°; 8 p. m., 60°; maximum, 67°; minimum, 54°; mean, 68°.

Rainfall for the day, .03; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1 54.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. September 23, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The storm area has moved to central over the Middle Atlantic coast and rain is now falling under it over the coast from Norfolk, Va., northeast, and over the Middle States. A ridge of high barometer covers the Gulf and Southeast Atlantic coast States, with fair, warmer prevailing under it. A moderate low area covers the central western valleys, with a warm wave under it, and fair weather prevailing.

Local forecast for the ensuing thirty-six hours ending 12 o'clock midnight Friday: Fair, warmer weather Friday; southwesterly winds.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Moderate to heavy rains fell over the Southeast Atlantic coast States, while fair weather prevailed generally over the interior of the cotton belt. The temperatures are rising slowly to the westward. Heavy rainfalls occurred during the past twenty-four hours as follows: St. Matthews, S. C., 2 90; Spartanburg, S. C., 2.20; Batesburg, S. C., 3 00; Columbia, S. C., 1 58 Greenwood, S. C., 2 00; Augusta, Ga., 2 60; Union Point, Ga., 2 10; Waynesboro, Ga., 1 70; Washington, Ga., 1 58; Camak, Ga., 3 30 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 23.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 1.4 feet.

OUTLINES.

The dry goods market continues dull; staple cottons in quiet request at unchanged prices. —— Vernon Hill, a 14 year old boy charged with killing Stanford Nelson, about the same age, in Richmond, Va., was acquitted. —— The leaders of the Republican party in New York county have invited Gen. B. J. Tracey to be the candidate of the party for the mayoralty of Greater New York. —— Silvanus Johnson hanged at Key West, Fla., for rape. —— The French steamer La Touraine will sail from Havre Saturday with $1,000,000 gold for the Hanover National Bank of New York —— In the Luetgert murder trial three witnesses for the defence testified that they saw the woman alleged to have been murdered two days after her disappearance. —— A beer brewery at La Crosse, Wis., burned; loss over $300,000. —— U S. Judge Kilgore died in Indian Territory. —— The strike situation at Hazleton, Pa., is quiet; many of the strikers have returned to work; the military expect to be withdrawn this week; the inquest into the deaths of miners, shot by deputies, began yesterday. —— It is reported that a recent filibustering expedition to Cuba was captured and nineteen men on the vessel killed by Spaniards. —— Havana is suffering a beef famine. —— W. E. Clark, a resident of Linton, Fla., drowned himself. —— The yellow fever situation at New Orleans shows no improvement; there were nine new cases and three deaths yesterday. —— A case of yellow fever is officially reported at Atlanta; the victim is a young girl from Mobile. —— Fire at Bainbridge, Ohio, destroyed most of the business houses, several residences and a church; two men were killed by an explosion. —— Governor Russell suspends the two Wilsons, railroad commissioners, and appoints L C. Caldwell and Jno. H. Pearson to succeed them; the courts will decide the matter. —— Schooner Minnie A. Bonsall reported lost at sea; crew saved —— Sixteen new cases of yellow fever at Edwards, Miss; no deaths. —— Fire at College Station, Ala., destroyed twenty buildings; loss $20,000. —— Tobacco crop in Tennessee seriously damaged by frost. —— One death from yellow fever at Louisville, Ky., a refugee from Mobile, Ala. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 2@3 per cent.; last loan at 2 and closed offered at 2@2½ per cent; cotton quiet—middling 6¾c; flour opened steady but closed easier on the late break in wheat; wheat—spot weak; No. 2 red 97⅞c afloat; corn—spot easier; No. 2 36c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.45@1.50; spirits turpentine steady at 30¾@31½c.

There were sixteen suicides in Chicago last week. When a person wants to get out of Chicago he wants it bad and isn't particular about the route he takes.

Foreign famine caused the rise in wheat and domestic Hanna put sugar up is the way Ohio Democrats put it up and are putting the Mark down. Mark doesn't like that "prosperity" twist.

Rev. Tom Dixon held forth last Sunday on the "Woes of Tammany." Rev. Tom seems to be fighting Tammany a good deal harder than he fights the devil, and apparently with about as much success.

Cotton goes down and the gold organs attribute it to the manipulation of cotton gamblers; wheat and other things go up and they attribute it to the restoration of confidence. But in this case there doesn't seem to be a cotton famine to help the confidence business.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 2. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,392

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subcription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBER.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A Florida farmer has discovered that the water hyacinth which is giving the navigators of the St. Johns and other rivers so much trouble, makes an excellent fertilizer. It had been previously discovered that it made a tip top chicken and duck feed. But they ain't digging it out fast enough for fertilizers or chicken feed to make the river men happy. By the way, what has become of all those myriads of little red fish which were said to be feeding on them so voraciously some time ago?

Ex-Congressman Ben Butterworth, of Cincinnati, was held up by Atlantic City the other day by a couple of thugs, who wanted a $7 wad of money he had in his pocket. But he held 'em off and there was some pretty lively punching until help came, when the pair were arrested. Ben is a Quaker, but under such circumstances he is not averse to a little pugilism.

Some time ago it was discovered that a regular traffic was being carried on by Chinamen in San Francisco, who imported Chinese women and sold them to the highest bidder, and now it has been discovered that "employment agencies" in New York entice colored girls and women from Southern cities and sell them.

The Attorney General of Iowa, who is a consistent Republican, is now attracting considerable attention by the discovery that he has been drawing five cents per mile mileage money, while travelling around the State with his pockets crammed with free passes, which the law of that State are prohibited to office-holders.

The fighting Cubans seem to have everything their own way now without asking Weyler's permission. The other day they raided a town within a few miles of Havana and got with a lot of valuable stores. Weyler was very mad when he heard it, and threatened to put the rebels in jail if he caught them.

It is somewhat remarkable that the alleged ultimatum which Minister Woodford submitted to the Duke of Tetuan gives Spain until October 31st to close the Cuban rackets—the time expires two days before the Ohio election in which Mr. Hanley and Mark Hanna are very much interested.

An artesian well being dug in Norfolk has reached a depth of something over 2,000 feet, but they haven't struck the kind of water they want yet.

Weyler is not likely to "pacify" Cuba, but he will retire from the field pretty well fixed financially, if reports be true, if not fame.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. T. MILLS—Horses and Mules.
OPERA HOUSE—Minstrels.
W. & W. R. R. Co.—Dividend notice.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Dealing Principally to People and Duly Printed.

—Dr. R. C. Bunting left last night for New York city.

— Mr. R. M. Bugg of Winston, was registered here today.

— Mr. and Mrs. Powers returned yesterday from Raleigh.

— Mr. E. E. Hilton, of Raleigh, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Rev. V. J. Bland and son, of Hallsville, Mo., are in the city yesterday.

— The *Press-Visitor* says that Mrs. M. E. Horton, of Washington, is visiting in Raleigh.

— Misses Nell and Ettie Emerson have gone to Salem to attend St. Mary's school.

— Mr. Harry Smith, at the Virginia Hospital, Richmond, Va., continues to improve.

— Master Julian Edwin Bunting has gone to Oxford to attend the Horner Military School.

— Mrs. A. and daughter, Miss Blanche have returned from spending the Summer at Northern resorts and Asheville, N. C.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals department will be charged one cent a word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Deputy Sheriff Flynn yesterday picked up a bunch of keys on the street, which will prove good news to the owner.

— One of the large plate glass windows at the Racket Store was broken yesterday. The loss was fully covered by insurance.

— The sailor, Frank Miller, who was so badly wounded, is said to be improving, though the wound lacked but little of being fatal.

— Mr. F. T. Mills has just received another lot of horses and mules, and gives notice of the same in the advertising columns of the STAR.

— Passengers on the Atlantic Coast Line will hereafter expect to see their baggage checked with bright new checks, for a big lot has just been received.

— A derailed freight car between here and Goldsboro caused the Atlantic Coast Line train, due at 5.45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, to be delayed about three-quarters of an hour.

— The British steamship *Atlantic*, Captain Inwood, was cleared yesterday for Liverpool by Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son, with a cargo of 7,611 bales of cotton, valued at $354,750.

— In Justice Bunting's Court yesterday F. W. Mills, colored, was placed under a $50 bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court to answer to the charge of assault with a deadly weapon.

— The weather treated the Mt. Airy excursionists with more consideration yesterday than it did the day before, and they had an excellent day, spending a good part of it on the steamer *Wilmington* and enjoying the pleasures of a trip down the Cape Fear.

— A meeting of the Governing Board of L'Agile Cotillon Club was held last night, at which a number of new members were elected. The Board decided to inaugurate the season with a delightful german on Friday evening, October 1st.

— Mr. Jas. F. Post, Jr., secretary of the W. & W. Railroad Company, gives notice that the Board of Directors has declared a dividend of three and one half per cent. on the certificates of that road for six months, ending September 30th, 1897, payable on and after the first of next month.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Cleveland, 8; Chicago, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Boston at Baltimore.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Washington at New York.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	87	36	.707
Boston	89	37	.706
New York	79	45	.637
Cincinnati	70	54	.545
Cleveland	66	59	.528
Washington	57	67	.460
Brooklyn	57	69	.451
Pittsburg	56	69	.448
Chicago	55	71	.436
Philadelphia	54	73	.429
Louisville	51	74	.408
St. Louis	29	96	.226

This afternoon the Baltimore ball park will be the scene of a mighty battle.

The Colts lost yesterday's game on account of being outclassed in batting by the Indians. Both clubs put up a clean field game.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—394 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R.R.—3,109 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 21 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—548 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 74 bbls rosin, 22 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—286 bales cotton, 34 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—53 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 36 bbls rosin, 24 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Minnie Ward—8 bales cotton, 24 casks spirits turpentine, 110 bbls rosin.

Flat—29 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 62 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,278 bales; spirits turpentine, 93 casks; rosin, 260 bbls; tar, 69 bbls; crude turpentine, 86 bbls.

Freight Car Runs in the River.

Sixteen or eighteen cars were standing on one of the tracks on the Atlantic Coast Line freight yard night before last, when several of them got loose and ran down grade toward the river. The brakeman put on brakes, but failed to stop the cars, and two of them went off the end of the track, one going into the river. It was loaded with cotton and floated.

Schooner E. A. Gaskill.

The schooner *Edwin A. Gaskill*, which arrived in port yesterday, had rather a rough experience in the gale of Tuesday night. She was anchored off the bar and under a violent gust parted both anchors. Things looked threatening, but by the efforts of the captain and crew the vessel was kept off the shore, and got in port without further damage.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

WESTBROOK PEARSALL.

Marriage Yesterday Morning at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

At 8.30 o'clock yesterday morning at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Mr. John Keener Westbrook led Miss Anne Dickson Pearsall to the altar, and together they were wedded. Long before the hour appointed for the ceremony to take place the sacred edifice was crowded with people present to witness the union. Upon entering the church and glancing in the direction of the altar, a rare sight greeted the eye, which forced you to fully appreciate nature and its creations. For before you, as if resting in mother earth, was one mass of golden rod, from amongst which at various points peeped out the rarest of cut flowers, each seemingly conscious of its duty on this auspicious occasion, while the golden rods, as if in obedience to the wishes of the decorative artist who had performed the task imposed upon him, drooped their heads in graceful attitudes. Sharply at 8.30 o'clock the near approach of the bridal party was announced by the sweet notes of Lohengrins' bridal chorus sent forth by the organ under the skilled stroke of Miss Elizabeth Pearsall, sister of the bride, and then as the organ seemed to gain in strength and the wedding march pealed out in louder tone, the bridal party entered, and the contracting parties side by side walked up the aisle to the altar, where Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of the church, while some noted composition was being rendered on the organ in low and plaintive tone, joined the happy couple together in the bonds of matrimony; and when they turned around to retrace their steps as man and wife, starting anew on life's journey, the inspiring notes of Mendelsohn's wedding march flooted out clear and distinct. Mr. and Mrs. Westbrook left shortly after the ceremony on the north-bound Atlantic Coast Line train on a tour through the principal cities.

The ushers were Mr. Fred J. Pearsall, brother of the bride, Mr. Frank Westbrook, brother of the groom, and Messrs. Lacy Hunt and John Clemmons. Mrs. E. R. Aiken, of Greenville, sister of the groom, and Mrs. Wood Farmer, of Wilson, were in attendance at the wedding.

Many and costly were the presents received by the happy couple, representing tokens of love and esteem from relatives and a large circle of friends. The bride is a daughter of that esteemed gentleman and public spirited citizen, Mr. Oscar Pearsall, President of the Produce Exchange. The groom is a most estimable young man, and is well liked and well thought of by all who knew him. Mr. and Mrs. Westbrook will be at home after Oct. 1st at Fernside.

Funeral of the Late Hon. W. E. Falson.

The funeral of the late Hon. Walter E. Falson, who died in this city at 1 25 o'clock Wednesday morning, was conducted yesterday morning at 8 30 o'clock from the residence of the brother in law of the deceased, Dr. J. E. Matthews, 310 Nun street. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge conducted the services. There was present a number of the friends of the deceased, and on their faces was written sincere sorrow for the loss of a man who was in the prime of his manhood and before whom there lay such a promising future.

After the services at the house were concluded, the remains were carried to the Atlantic Coast Line depot, where they were placed on the 9.35 passenger train and taken to Clinton for interment, the services being concluded there yesterday afternoon. The honorary pall bearers were Capt. W. R. Kenan and Messrs. James Sprunt and B. F. Hall. The following gentlemen were the active pall bearers: Maj. W. A. Johnson and Messrs. R. W. Hicks, W. H. Sprunt, Geo. Rountree, C. E. Borden and P. B Manning. The remains were accompanied to Clinton by Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Matthews, Miss Eleanor Falson, a daughter of the deceased, Mr. C. E. Borden, Miss Anna Sprunt, Mrs. B. F. Hall, Miss Mary Marsh.

Al G. Field's Merry Minstrels.

Al G. Field's Merry Minstrels will be at the Opera House Monday night and will furnish fun, fast and furious, to say nothing of the high salaried vaudeville stars, who will introduce pleasing and startling exhibitions of their skill. Field's Minstrels are well known and well liked here, and whenever the troupe had made its appearance in this, city so far, a house packed to the doors has always been the result.

The big noon day pageant of the Al G. Field Company of sixty talented white performers is always a feature of the appearance of this popular company in each city visited, as indeed it should be. Sixty men in line, headed by Chester Nims' superb military band, is a stirring sight which is always enthusiastically greeted. The show isn't all on the street, however, by any means. The performance is long and fairly bristles with new and bright ideas unknown until now in the realms of minstrelsy. The one big feature this year is the Cornalia Family, the acrobatic marvels of the day, secured from the Barnum and Bailey circus at an immense expense, at a figure in fact equivalent to the entire running expenses of good sized minstrel companies.

Advance sale of seats commences bright and early to-morrow morning at Gerkin's.

At Justice Bornemann's Court.

Alex. Evans, colored, was arraigned before 'Squire G. W. Bornemann yesterday on two charges, disorderly conduct and assault and battery. There was a good number of witnesses and the costs ran up pretty high, so the offender was let off on the payment of costs. 'Squire Bornemann has remarked that the public in his section of the city is getting more and more to respect the law and its representatives. There were about fifty people present at the trial yesterday and the order was perfect. The southern part of the city, Justice Bornemann thinks, is getting to be very much better than it is commonly credited with being.

HEMENWAY SCHOOL.

The New Building Completed—One of the Most Imposing Structures in the City—Well Furnished and Equipped With Every Convenience.

The Hemenway school building has been completed, and is one of the most imposing structures in the city. Yesterday the heating apparatus was gotten in working order, and there was a genial warmth in the building that was most grateful to the visitors.

The first impression that one gets of the building is that it is a very large one, and it is some larger than the one that was burned. In the first place, it is a foot higher from the ground than the old building was, and that, of course makes a difference, and the first story is pitched higher by a foot and the second story by two feet.

Remarkable expedition has marked the erection of the Hemenway school.

The cantract was awarded to Mr. Jas. F. Post on the 18th of June, and work was begun on the 21st. The desks were all set up and the building practically completed by Friday, September 17th. It was thought by many that the building could not be completed by October 15th, the date called for by the contract. That it is finished over a week before the 1st speaks most highly for the methods of the architect, Mr. James F. Post.

The general plan of the building, which is about an exact reproduction of that of the old one, need not be noticed, but it will not be amiss to mention some of the different conveniences, all new and strictly modern, which go to make this school building without an equal in the State.

THE STUDY ROOMS.

As is known to those who are familiar with the plan of the building there are ten study rooms. Each of these is situated, lighted and furnished in the way that will conduce most to the comfort and health of the pupils. In the rooms in which there is least light, the light surface is one-fourth of the entire floor surface, so that one thing is sure, the pupils of the Hemenway will not want for light. There is an average of twenty or twenty-feet of blackboard in each, made of blackened manilla paper of heavy weight and so closely attached to the wall that it seems a part of it. This kind of blackboard has been found by long use to give entire satisfaction.

In the corner of every room has been placed a very neat bookcase, which will be a great convenience to the teacher. Then the seats are, of course, perfectly new and of the most modern make, and what is worth noting were bought at a bargain, costing $400 less than it was estimated that they could be bought for. There are 500 of these in all, 400 in the main building and 100 in the primary room, which was not destroyed by the fire. Elegant chandeliers and Gurney's hot water heating complete the furnishing of these splendidly equipped rooms.

THE MAIN AUDIENCE ROOM

differs from that in the old building in having an inclined floor—an addition that is worth a good deal, especially to the hearers. The acoustic properties are excellent. The hall is lighted from six large chandeliers burning 56 lights. The opera chairs, which are 500 in number, are conveniently placed and are as comfortable as any audience could wish.

Superintendent M. C. S. Noble who, by the way, has been giving his personal attention to the work, down to the smallest details, informed a STAR representative yesterday that sometime in October the completion of the building would be appropriately celebrated in an address to be delivered by President E. A. Alderman of the University.

Besides the rooms already named there is a library room and the main office of the Superintendent.

This description would be incomplete without stating that the color in which the Hemenway is painted, is a handsome olive green, with trimmings in a darker shade of the same color.

Schooner Bird Cutting Scrape.

The case against A. L. Clark, the West India negro sailor, charged with cutting second mate F. P. Miller, of the American schooner *William M. Bird*, is for the present at an end, as Justice Bunting, who has been examining into the evidence in the case for the past two days (as detailed in the STAR yesterday), set the case for trial on the 9th of next month, at 10 o'clock in the morning, by which time it is very probable that Miller, the injured man, will be able to attend court. As the *Bird* will take its departure in a few days, the two most material witnesses for the State, Geo. Williams, white, first mate of the schooner, and James Campbell, colored, a seaman, were placed under bond for their appearance at the trial. Williams tendered ex-Mayor W. N. Harriss as his surety, and was released from custody. Campbell, however, failed to furnish the required bond, $100, and was consequently committed to jail.

Why the Cars Stopped Running.

Travel on the Wilmington Street Railway line was stopped last night for over an hour, and the electric lamps which light the streets, and which are furnished by the same company, were also not in working condition at the usual hour. But later the street cars were once again set in motion, and the electric lamps showed forth their brilliancy. It seems that the trouble was caused by the high tide and southeast winds. The condition of the water caused the boilers at the power house to foam, which could be only remedied by the works being shut down. Shortly afterwards, however, the machinery was put in operation and everything ran smoothly.

— Mr. John A. Oates, of Fayetteville, managing editor of the *North Carolina Baptist*, was among yesterday's arrivals. The *Baptist* has a business supplement this week, which is highly creditable both to the paper and the town.

WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY.

Handicap Gun Shoot at the Hilton Range.

The handicap gun shoot of the Wilmington Light Infantry took place yesterday at 4 o'clock, the target shot at being the U. S. regulation pattern. The shoot resulted in a tie between privates Taylor, Windley and Willard. Private Willard made nineteen points out of a possible twenty-five, but being handicapped five points, was counted fourteen. Privates Taylor and Windley each made seventeen points, but being handicapped three points, were counted fourteen. When the tie was shot off private Windley scored twenty points, less three points, the handicap, and his score being the highest he was awarded the prize—a handsome solid silver gold-lined cup.

After the shooting was finished, Capt. J. W. St. John of this city, once commander of the New York National Guard, made a score of 23 points out of a possible 25, and Mr. W. W. Roberts, of the Naval Reserves, scored 20 points. The following is the score made—the gross, the handicap and the net, which is the gross minus the handicap:

	G.	H.	N.
Sergeant Love	0	0	0
Corporal Whitney	4	0	4
Corporal Gillican	16	5	11
Boatwright	12	5	7
Calder	8	0	8
Davis	3	0	3
Forshee	14	3	11
Gore	5	5	0
Taylor	17	3	14
Windley	17	3	14
Willard	19	5	14
Reilly	3	0	3

The tie shooting resulted as follows:

	G	H	N.
Windley	20	3	17
Taylor	19	3	16
Willard	17	5	12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE,

Just One Night of Merriment.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1897.

Al G. Field's Merry Minstrels.

Embracing over sixty well known European and American artists; the best that money and energy could procure. At the head comes those peerless kings of modern and up to date minstrelsy—Al G. Field, Billy Van, Tommy Donnelly and Doc Quigley. At 11 o'clock a. m., on the day of the performance, the grand and magnificent street parade starts, headed by Chester Rim's superb Military Band. sep 24 3t

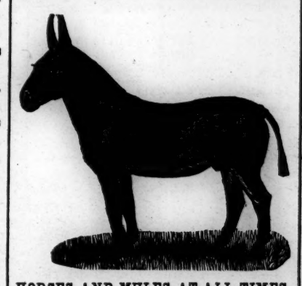
Office of the Secretary of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 22nd, 1897.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE WILmington & Weldon Railroad Company have declared three and one have per cent. interest on the certificates of indebtedness of the W. & W. R. R. Co. for the six months ending September 30th, 1897. Interest due and payable on and after October 1st, 1897, at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C. The transfer books will stand closed from this date to September 30th, 1897, inclusive.

JAMES F. POST, Jr.,
sep 24 tf Sec'y W. & W. R. R. Co.

New Load Just Received



HORSES AND MULES AT ALL TIMES.

F. T. MILLS,

sep 24 tf 113 and 114 North Water St.

E. VAN LAER,

Dealer in Superior

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

has just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a fine stock of carefully selected Instruments, which he offers at exceedingly low prices.

There is no mistake about these Pianos. The selection of Instruments by a competent person is now almost a necessity, as so many worthless Pianos are now on the market. Call and see us before buying. Telephones 213 and 142, (Inter-State.) sep 14 tf

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co., will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m.

sep 7 tf JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.

SCHNAPPS.

25 Boxes Schnapps Tobacco.
25 Boxes J. R. J. Tobacco.
25 Boxes Terrapin Tobacco.
50 Boxes American Beauty Cigarettes
50 Boxes Duke Cigarettes.
40 Boxes Cycle Cigarettes.
90 Cream Cheese.
1 Car Fish Kegs.
85 Barrels Mullets.

W. B. COOPER,

sep 17 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 2ND TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m, 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11 30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6 00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., and 6.00 p. m.
sep 2 tf

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good conditon. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

au 1 tf D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.
Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.
Car load choice Timothy Hay.
Ink to suit all.
Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,

Wholesale Grocer.
au 14 D&W tf

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Meight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

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WE KEEP BUSY, HARD AT WORK HANDLING SHOES. But we will take time to place you on our extensive list of customers and supply you with tickets that you also may try to get the HANDSOME WATCH which will be given to some person on October 1st, 1897. If you begin at once you may yet outstrip some who began earlier. It costs you nothing to try. Begin now, learn the system and be ready for the next contest. Watch our window We will try and make it interesting for our kind patrons. See us or you may regret it.

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors of H. C. Evans,
sep 5 tf 115 Princess street.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Distributing Agents.

We are still Agents for Powell, Smith & Co.'s famous Cigars:

Cuban Blossoms,
Renown,
Smoketts,
Topical Twist Head,
El Capitan General,
Union League Club.

We are headquarters for

Red Rust Proof Oats.

Ask us for samples and price.

Provisions

Sold on close margin. sep 19 tf

This Week

—AT—

The Unlucky Corner.

Sugar Cured Hams.

FIRE PROOF KEROSENE OIL.

Will be sold at cut prices.

Something else next week.

S. W. Sanders,

Telephone No. 109. sep 21 tf

Pears.

WE HAVE ABSOLUTELY THE FINEST

PEARS

For preserving we have seen on this market.

Price 35c per peck cash. If we did any charging they would be 50c.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,

sep 18 tf Fourth Street Bridge.

Fire Sale.

Meal, Grits, Chops, &c.,

damaged by water will be for sale cheap Monday morning.

Boney & Harper.

sep 19 tf

100 BARRELS

CHOICE

SEPTEMBER MULLETS

for sale. Send your orders to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

sep 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Cowan's News Depot,

NO. 17 PRINCESS STREET, TWO DOORS west of the National Bank of Wilmington. New York and other leading Daily Papers, latest Magazines, Periodicals and other publications always on hand. Give us your orders. We keep stocked and fresh. Orders promptly filled.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1897

REPUBLICAN LUCK.

We hear a great deal about "Republican luck." If there be such a thing as luck, the Republican party has had more than a fair share of it, and it is indebted to its luck more than to its deserts for the success with which it bas met in holding on to power. But a party which holds its grip by luck, holds it by a very uncertain tenure, for luck is a fickle goddess and there is no telling when she may change her mind and bestow her affections on the other fellow.

During the last Presidential campaign the Republican managers and organs promised the country prosperity if their party was successful at the polls, and predicted that it would come right along. That was campaign talk, and there wasn't the faintest semblance of a foundation to base it upon, but they took the chances, knowing that it wouldn't make any difference if their party was beaten, nor much of it was victorious if prosperity didn't come on scheduled time. They would be in for four years and prosperity had four years in which to make the trip. If it made it any time within the four years they would claim that their promises had been fulfilled, and if it didn't make the trip they would be no worse off than before. They predicted prosperity when the "advance agent" made the connection. But they were basing their predictions on the magic power and influence of the new tariff they were going to fabricate and did fabricate. Prosperity halted on the way, shambled along on leaden feet and finally got here in some shape, but was helped on the way not by the tariff on which the Republican managers were counting, but by an entirely different agency, which they didn't expect, which they didn't count upon, and of the possible coming of which they had not the remotest idea. But it came, gave the promised and predicted prosperity a boost, and that's where the Republican party's luck was.

It was its luck that blight struck the wheat crops of other wheat-growing countries and made the bread-buying nations of Europe dependent upon the wheat fields of this country for their bread. Short rations over there, a large surplus here, a large demand for our foodstuffs, with higher prices than have been received for some years, and more money in the pockets of farmers than they have had in several years, this was the Republican party's "luck." A pretty good thing while it lasts, but as it is "luck" we do no not see where the Republican party has a right to claim credit for it. It didn't make the short wheat crops abroad nor the the long wheat crops at home. It didn't make the prices that Liverpool pays for wheat, and consequently the wheat grower is not indebted to it for these prices or his prosperity. If it did make the prices, then it was Republican manipulation of the crops that did it and luck isn't in it.

To profit by it in the future this luck must last for four years; prosperity must camp with us at least that long, for if it doesn't the people will see through the fake the Republicans have been playing and then the fakeists will be called to account. This is a thought that makes them feel uneasy in their boots now, with all their good luck.

Short crops out of the programme, and starvation prices at an end, then they will have to depend upon something else as a prosperity detainer, and just what that is they don't know, unless they hit another streak of luck. The Dingley tariff will not do, for the first year if not longer it will be a deficit instead of a revenue producer. Deficits are always ugly things to handle. A distinguished Republican once remarked that it was "much easier to manage a surplus than a deficit." During the last campaign they ran the whole gamut on the deficiency which they asserted was caused by the Wilson tariff, and how are they going to face a deficiency under the "revenue providing" tariff which was framed expressly for the purpose of providing the necessary revenue and making deficits a back number? Now won't they be in a pretty pickle if the Dingley tariff fails to meet their expectations, to fulfil their predictions and puts them to the necessity of borrowing money as Cleveland did to meet the current expenses of the Government?

And that is precisely what they will have to do unless the tariff they are counting upon prove a better revenue producer than there is any reason to believe it will. And then if with this, there should be fair wheat crops in other countries, of which the prospect is reasonably good now, and the average surplus in this country, and the low prices which will inevitably be the result of this, from what quarter is the luck to come to help the Republicans in the next campaign? If the prosperity should continue and the farmers continue to receive good [illegible] produce, the Republi[illegible] pretty soft snap, for people who are doing well are pretty apt to be well enough satisfied with the party in power to let it remain in, but if the conditions change and prosperity takes a back seat, then the party in power may prepare for squalls and trim its sails accordingly. In that case it will require a good deal of luck to keep it off the rocks. This is the contingency that the Republican party has to face

MINOR MENTION.

Mr. Dingley has been giving his views on the return of prosperity and also on what he expects his tariff to do. In speaking of the higher prices of farm products he says: "The prices of farm products, as well as of everything else, are made by the cost of production—the supply on the one hand and the demand on the other." One-half of this is true and the other isn't. The supply and demand make prices but the cost of production, unless where the producer has absolute or practically absolute monopoly of the market, figures very little in it. It certainly does not in the case of farm products, for it isn't the farmer who makes the prices but the buyer, who doesn't care a continental about the cost of production. The Argentine wheat grower can produce wheat for about half as much as it costs the average American farmer, but his wheat will bring as much in Liverpool as the American farmer's wheat will. Where does the cost of production come in there? If the farmer fixed the price of his products then the cost of production might be considered, but he doesn't, because he has to compete with the world and is not in a condition to do that. He simply watches the market bids as they are made by the buyers at home and abroad, the prices at home being governed by the prices abroad, and he markets if the prices suit him and he is in a condition to hold or market as he sees fit. The manufacturers who are organized and protected by a protective tariff may figure on the cost of production because they are protected from world-competition, and they can regulate their output, keep the supply within the demand, and thus regulate prices, sometimes even to the extent of extortion. Mr. Dingley's "demand and supply" is all right, but his "cost of production" doesn't figure, at least as far as farm products are concerned. But his admission knocks his protective tariff out as a prosperity producer.

* * *

The New York *Sun* is a gold organ whose zeal for gold is equalled only by the intense delight Editor Dana takes in punching GroverCleveland's solar plexus whenever he gets a half a chance or can make it. In commenting on the cabled report that the Bank of England had agreed to hold one fifth of its reserve in silver the *Sun* says:

"The origin of the scheme is undoubtedly the desire of the bimetallic members of the British Government to do something to make silver more valuable than it is. They represent the great Tory landed interest, and the Manchester cotton spinners, who see in the present low price of silver the cause of the low price of agricultural produce and of the increasing competition in manufacturing of India and Japan."

The great Tory landed interest wants it and the Manchester spinners, whom, according to the *Sun*, bimetallists represent, want it. The Tory landed interest is simply another phrase for the agricultural interests which the bimetallists represent. Surely the agricultural interests and cotton manufacturing interests of England are two industries that have a right to be heard in a case like this, quite as much right if not more than the men who lend them money. Both of these industries believe, and the Parliamentary committee appointed four years ago to enquire into the cause of the depression in English agriculture unanimously agree with them, that they have suffered incalculably from the demonetization of silver and that their only hope of a return of prosperity lies in the restoration of bimetallism. If the demonetization of silver has proved such a depressing weight on those industries in England, with its abundance of money, low interest rates, etc., isn't it reasonable to believe that similar industries in this country, where money is not so abundant or interest rates so low, have been similarly affected, if not more so, by the same cause? For a gold organ the *Sun* admitted a great deal in the above extract, and furnished a very strong argument for the remonetization of silver not only in England, but in this country.

* * *

We do not approve of the shotgun method of removing objectionable postmasters, whether they be black or white, and therefore we do not approve of the shooting at the negro postmaster of Hogansville, Ga., who wasn't much hurt. But why should Mr. McKinley appoint a negro postmaster in that town or any other Southern town, when he would never think of doing that in a Northern town? He simply ignores a "prejudice" on one side which he respects on the other. This negro postmaster may be competent, and he may be well thought of by his white fellow citizens, but still Mr. McKinley knew there was general opposition to his appointment, and he had every reason to believe that it would cause trouble, but he made it, and he made the reward that negro for his support in the St[illegible] Louis convention, support given doubtless after an understanding with Manager Hanna, who discharged the debt with the Hogansville postoffice.

TWINKLINGS.

— Talks Through His Hat—Smith—"I wear out six hats every year." Jones—"Why don't you use a telephone?"

— Raggs—There goes Prof. Smith and his wife. He's as deaf as a post. Jaggs—Wonder if that's why his wife dresses so loud.

— An Alibi: "I hear that the crowd assailed you when you appeared at the Piunkville Opera House." "False, me boy, false," replied the eminent tragedian, Mr. Barnes Tormer. "All false. There was no crowd."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Ah, yes," she sighed, "it will be a year next Tuesday that my dear husband died. I'm so glad!" "Wha! Glad that he is dead?" "No, oh, no; not that! But I need a little pink to light up my complexion."

— He—"I wish I dared kiss you." She—'Really! Did you ever kiss a girl?" He—"Never; I swear it." She—'Then you may kiss me. Under such circumstances, a man who will lie like that is to be trusted."

—"No, Mr. Hankinson," said Tommy to the young man who was waiting in the parlor for Tommy's sister. 'I ain't the kind of a little boy you're always reading about in the papers what begs candy from the fellers that comes to see their sisters. Still, if you've got any in your pockets I'd be willin' to take it."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Jack—" Women have no head for figures." Tom—"How do you make that out?" Jack—"I know a girl whose education cost her father $10,000 and she can't figure her own age correctly."

— "Well," remarked the first actor, "did Stormer open his season auspiciously?" "I should say so," replied the second Thespian. "His wife sued for divorce a week before he put on his play, and the papers gave him three columns."—*Commercial Tribune.*

— Mrs. Bloobumper—"How did the detectives happen to suspect him, disguised as he was in women's clothes?" Bloobumper—"He passed a milliner's store window without looking in."—*Harlem Life.*

— Mrs. Green—"Is Mr. Blowser a singer or a musician?" Mrs. White—"Neither that I ever heard. Why do you ask?" Mrs. Green— I was talking with Mrs. Blowser this evening, and she said that Blowser had been away two days and two nights, and that there would be music when he got home."—*Boston Transcript.*

COMMENT CURRENT

—— Every time ex-Secretary Charles Foster denies that the Harrison administration contemplated a bond issue they flash his order to the Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. This would squelch an ordinary man, but Charley goes ahead making the denial—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Argentina's wheat crop gives promise of a surplus of about two million tons for export; but it isn't too late to despair of the locusts and the benign influences of Dingleyism, which latter is said to have stunted the crops across the sea, and may yet play hob with the harvests of our Pan-American sister.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

——President McKinley has forfeited the respect of the people of New Orleans among whom he had warm admirers by appointing to the most important Federal office in that city a negro notorious for his vicious and corrupt character, negro odious to respectable citizens of his own race as well as to the whites. In this the way in which President McKinley expects to build up the Republican party in the south?—*Atlanta Journal, Dem*

—— The reappearance of yellow fever on the Gulf coast recalls the assertion of Mr. Blaine that the insanitary condition of Habana is a constant menace to the health of our Southern States, and might be the cause of an invasion of the plague that would wreck the happiness and prosperity of that section. This argument, in favor of the intervention of the United States in Cuba as a measure of self-defeuse against a bad neighbor, appeals with tremendous force to those who are familiar with horrible conditions existing there and realize the danger to us arising therefrom.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

Valuable Advice From the Bench.

A country justice had been elected but a few days, when a young lawyer rushed in and demanded a capias. Now, that justice did not know a capias from a police cell, but he disliked to admit his ignorance. So he said:

"Now, see here, my friend. You are a young lawyer and, I fear, lack experience. I would advise you not to be too hasty. Don't be in a hurry. Wait 24 hours and then, if you think best, come to me, and I will give you a capias."

The young lawyer agreed and went away. The justice spent the remainder of the day getting acquainted with the writ called capias. When the limb of the law appeared the next morning, the court felt himself qualified to issue capiases by the bushel.

Before he could speak, the young lawyer said:

"Mr. Justice, you were right. I was too hasty. I have that matter fixed up all right and do not need a capias. I have come to thank you for the good advice, and also have brought you the $2 fee you would have received for the capias, as I don't want you to lose by your good deed."

He went away believing the justice to be a paragon of good sense and legal lore.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Forgiving.

An English religious paper says: "We may recall the anecdote of the highland chieftain who on his deathbed was asked by the minister to forgive an inveterate enemy. 'Vengeance is mine, saith the Lord,' was the text quoted by the man of peace in support of his argument. 'Yes, to be sure,' said the dying penitent, 'it is too sweet a morsel for a mortal. Well,' he added, 'I forgive him. But'—turning to his son—'de'il take you, Donald, if you forgive him.'"

Angelic Temperament.

"He is good natured, is he?"

"Good natured! Why, I have known that man to wear a smiling face when he was speaking of taking off a porous plaster."—Boston Traveler.

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Pender *Star:* Mrs. Louise Dupree, widow of the late Joseph Dupree, died last Monday night at her home in this place. She was about 78 years old.

— Rocky Mount *Motor:* The distressing accident that befell Mr. Wm. J. Newby on Saturday morning resulted in his death from hemorrhage and shock that afternoon.

— Washington *Progress:* The Register of Deeds, Mr. J. W. Chapin, tells us that over $100,000 in mortgages have been cancelled in this county in the last thirty days. This shows that the people are paying their debts.

— Goldsboro *Headlight:* After a four days' illness, Mr. Alex. M. Daly departed this life at the home of his father, Mr. John W. Daly, in New Hope township, Friday dight at 11 o'clock, aged 21 years.

— Winston *Journal*: An interesting murder case will be tried at Mocksville this court. About 12 years ago a white man by the name of Owens killed a negro at Smith's Grove and ran away. Recently he returned and gave himself up, claiming the killing was in self defence.

— Clinton *Democrat:* Tidings have come from Africa announcing the death in that country of Mrs. J. D. Sutcliffe, formerly Miss Alberta Newton, daughter of the late C. C. Newton. Like her lamented father, who sacrificed his life in that land, soe was a missionary and one of the most faithful and consecrated in the service. She was aged about 27 years, and leaves one small child, a girl.

—Kinston *Free-Press:* The trial of the Horner brothers was held Saturday before United States Commissioner A. J. Loftin, and they were bound over to the Federal Court in bonds of $300 each, which they gave. —— Lewis Jones was tried before Commissioner Loftin Monday, and Jones was bound over to the Federal Court in bonds of $300 each, which was given. Tobe Rouse was also up for moonshining, and was bound over in a $300 bond, which he gave. —— Monday, about noon, E. D. Hicks, living in Kinston, took his gun, went out to Mr. M. G. Koonce's cotton farm, about a mile north of here, fired at the cotton pickers at work there, nearly shooting a colored woman, and ran every hand out of the patch. He then went to Mr. Koonce's house and demanded ammunition for his gun. Mr. Koonce refused and Hicks ran him in the house, and attempted to batter down the door with the gun. Hicks left the house and Mr. Koonce secured the assistance of a neighbor, Mr. J. P. Tucker, to disarm and arrest Hicks, which they did. Hicks was before Justice L. J. Moore Monday afternoon for forcible trespass and assault with a deadly weapon, and was bound over to court under $400 justified bond, and is now in jail. In his enidence Hicks denied shooting his gun at anybody, and that he had not the slightest recollection of the "frolic" At one time during the summer Hicks and his entire family were sick, and Hicks has just recovered. Many think him demented, not having fully recovered from the effects of his illness.

A Waste of Money.

The worst of the western horse is that he has practically to be broken over again every spring. In the autumn, when his work is done, he is turned out on the range to shift for himself till the spring grass has made him fat and strong. He is then caught up and ridden. It is ten to one that he bucks. In fact, many horses do so every time they are ridden on first starting. This is an honest affair, however. The worst kind are those who wait till they can catch you napping. I well remember one of this sort, whom we called Everlasting, whose favorite time was when you were lighting your pipe after a hard ride on your way home.

There was a horse, too, belonging to the brothers Ross, who had the reputation of being the most vicious animal in the country. One of the brothers would ride him sometimes as an exhibition, and a fine sample of horsemanship it was. But the other brother rode by his side with a loaded revolver, for his charming mount had once unshipped his rider and pounded him to death with his fore feet.

This reminds me of what happened to a large cattle owner who was noted for his parsimony. Once he was thrown and dragged. His case seemed hopeless. One of his men galloped alongside to shoot the horse as a last resource. Just at that moment old "Two Dot" Wilson—for so he was nicknamed from his brand—got his foot loose. He looked up and caught sight of the pointed pistol. "What were you going to do?" he asked excitedly. "To shoot your horse." "What! Shoot that horse? Why, he cost me five and twenty dollars!" It seemed as if with old "Two Dot" money was indeed dearer than life. —Field.

Wonderful Forethought.

The habit of companies which insure against accidents to compel their patrons to resort to the courts to recover in case of injury was the occasion of this singular thoughtfulness, told by the president of a large accident company:

"Some time ago," he said, "a large policy holder in my company was run over by a Brooklyn trolley car and his right leg painfully crushed. He remained conscious after the shock for three minutes, during which time he pulled out his watch and called the attention of the crowd to the fact that it was just 15 minutes of 12. His policy expired at noon, and his foresight was rewarded by the immediate payment of his weekly indemnity without controversy or litigation."—Youth's Companion.

Escaping the Organ Grinders.

Reside close to a dentist's if you are not fond of street music. Itinerant organ men carefully avoid playing anywhere near the house of a practitioner who can effectually stop or remove all troublesome grinders.—London Punch.

A paper published in Greenland can boast of the longest name in existence. It is Arrangagliotio Natinginnavnik Sysaraminas Sinik.

Ostentation has been described as the way other people "show off."—Town and Country Journal.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THROUGH MOTHER'S EYES.

Why the Old Gentleman Opened Conversation With the Young Man.

An aged man and woman stopped opposite the Central High School building a few days ago and looked across at that rather imposing pile. They were plainly but neatly dressed, and while it was evident they were from the rural districts there was nothing in their appearance to attract comment. A young man was waiting for a crosstown car close to where the strangers stopped. To him the aged man turned.

"That's a schoolhouse, I judge?" he said.

"That's the Central High school," replied the young man.

The old man looked interested.

"That's the principal high school, Mary," he remarked to the old lady.

Then he turned back to the young man.

"We haven't been in Cleveland for a number of years," he said; "I guess it ain't since the Garfield funeral, an we're just lookin around. We take a good deal of interest in schools an schoolhouses."

He paused and looked toward the sweet faced old lady, who nodded brightly.

"Then you have children?" said the young man.

"Just one," replied the old man.

"Of course, he is through school?"

"Long ago," said the stranger. "How long is it, Mary? Five years since he graduated, ain't it?"

"Six," said the old lady.

"I guess mebby it is," said the old man.

"Graduated from your home school, I suppose?" said the young man.

"Yes," said the aged stranger. "He was our only child, an Mary an I made up our minds to give him just as good an education as we could afford. An we did too."

The young man smiled. He fancied that the boy in question had been given a decidedly limited send off.

"You say he graduated from the home school?" he said.

"Yes," replied the old man, "but he didn't stop there. He wanted to go to West Austintown, an we sent him. Then he wanted to go to Hiram an we sent him. An then he'd set his heart on Harvard, and we sent him there."

"To Harvard?"

"Yes, an he was one of the class orators, too, on graduatin day. It almost broke his heart 'cause mother an I couldn't be there to hear him. But we didn't feel that we could quite afford it, did we, mother?"

The young man looked at the old lady. There were tears in her eyes, but she still nodded brightly.

"And your son—where is he now?"

"He's a minin engineer in South Africa. Doin first rate too. We hear from him regular every month. Why, what brought us up to town today was to get a draft cashed that he sent his mother for a birthday present. Three hundred dollars—$5 for every year—that's what Joe wrote. Mother's just 60."

The young man took off his hat to the old lady.

"I wish you many more birthdays, madam," he said, "and trust that each will be as pleasantly remembered."

The old lady smilingly thanked him.

"Do you know what mother said?" inquired the old man, with a sly twinkle in his eye.

"Why, no. What was it?"

"Mother said, 'Let's speak to that young man—he seems so much like Joe.'"

And the young man walked away, feeling that he might journey long and far and not receive so high a compliment.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dr. Dowling's Retort.

The Toledo Blade tells this anecdote of the Rev. Dr. George T. Dowling, Episcopal, of that city, who used to be a Baptist minister. He was in Atlanta not long after he joined the Episcopal church, and happened to meet a Baptist minister, who somewhat bewailed the fact of the loss of three good men. Said he:

"Doctor, will you tell me how our denomination can keep such men as Dr. Behrends, Dr. Moxom and yourself from jumping over the fence?"

"I am sure I can't tell," said Dr. Dowling, with a twinkle in his eye, "unless you make your denomination void of offense."

An Expensive Product.

It is said that the most costly product in the world is charcoal thread. It is at present made in Paris, but by an artisan who carefully conceals himself from the public the better to guard the secret of his craft. Charcoal thread is sold at wholesale by the gramme (15½ grains) and is used for incandescent lamps. That for the 80 candle lamp costs $12,000 per pound and that for 20 candles $8,000 per pound.—New York Ledger.

With the Lights Turned Down.

"Do you notice any increase in your gas bills since your daughters are old enough to receive company, professor?"

"You have recalled something, sir, that is inexplicable to me. We regard mathematics as a fixed science, and yet it is a fact that I pay less for gas than when the entire household used to retire together. It's astounding."—Detroit Free Press.

His Usual Way.

She—It's funny, but all the time I have known Mr. Tigg he never has paid me a compliment.

He—Tigg never pays anybody.—Boston Transcript.

There is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Hood's Pills

Best to take after dinner; prevent distress, aid digestion, cure constipation. Purely vegetable; do not gripe or cause pain. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Factor of Personality.

Personal influence! Yes, how that survives and defies all attempts to render it ineffective! Men who disbelieve in it and set up socialist or communist ideas, denying to any individual any priority or advantage over his fellows, see with astonishment and mortification that the hated thing enters into their most secret circles and sways all their action. It was supposed that it was only in the unenlightened ages of the world that any one man could have any personal command in great affairs. With contempt it was pronounced that the heroes of antiquity or the great captains of bygone centuries must have had an inferior crew to deal with when so paramount a position was given to any individual. Englishmen in more recent times thought that it was only Frenchmen who could let "Bony" ride so roughshod over them, when "liberty, equality and fraternity" had but just been inscribed over the doors of every public building in France. Who but unenlightened Russians would allow a czar to have absolute dominion? Nowadays surely, it was argued, when intelligence, culture and education are so generally diffused, none could arrogate to himself any large share of the admiration and worship of fellow countrymen.

Is this so? Do we not rather see that men, even if raised to a high level of knowledge of material things, are yet as emotional as ever, as apt to follow like sheep the lead of one, as incapable of weighing and judging the faults of those who by appeals to their pride, their passion and prejudice may rise to the head of affairs? Except in the very rare cases where great wars or convulsions of the political world are in progress, it is most difficult to get electors to value the "high politics" at stake at their proper measure of importance. Rather will they discuss the character of a candidate, and his private affairs, his position in society, the influence he may be able to use for their individual benefit; nay, even his appearance seems often to them of more account than his principles. The personal factor seems to be almost as great as ever.—The Marquis of Lorne in North American Review.

The Old Sandbox.

"Blotting paper," said a man of mature years, "has been commonly used for only about 40 years. Before that we used sand, which was poured from a sand box out upon the paper. Enough of it adhered to the wet ink to keep it from blotting. The rest was poured back into the box. I think I liked the old sand box better than I do the modern blotting paper. Sometimes when you opened a letter you would find sand in the envelope, which had rubbed off the letter in transit. But that didn't do any hurt, and the letter itself was more sightly to look at than the letter of today. It did not shade off pale, where fresh ink had been taken from the lines bodily by the blotter—it was uniform in color. And the lines, fine and coarse, were just as the writer made them—not blended or blurred or softened or spread out, more nearly uniform. They were clear and precise and characteristic of the writer.

"I liked the old sand box, but of course we couldn't use it now; we're too busy."—New York Sun.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		6¾ @	7
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	47½
Virginia Meal		@	48½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		@	10
" extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 75	@	4 00
Choice		@	5 00
Straight		@	5 25
First Patent	5 35	@	5 75
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	50
Car load, in bags—White,		@	48½
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	37½@		40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾@		2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5¾@		6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1	25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
Clear Mess		@	1 50
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	80
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	80
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5½
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 23	@	1 25
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 10
WOOL—Unwashed		@	18

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, September 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 28¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 28½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 10 per bbl for Strained and $1 15 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 23½; 23; rosin firm, $1.35, $1.40; tar steady, $1.05; crude turpentine firm, $1 30, 1.55, 1 65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	93
Rosin	360
Tar	69
Crude Turpentine	36

Receipts same day last year—53 casks spirits turpentine, 572 bbls rosin, 99 bbls tar, 53 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 6¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 13-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5¼	" "
Low Middling	5 13-16	" "
Middling	6¼	" "
Good Middling	6½	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—3 278 bales; same day last year, 1,483.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 2.95; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23—Evening.—Money on call was firm at 2@3 per cent., last loan at 2 and closed offered at 2@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 484¾@484¾ for demand; 483¾@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 483@484 and 485¼@486. Commercial bills 481. Silver certificates 56¼@58. Government bonds strong; new fours, registered, 125¼@125¾; new fours, coupon, 125¾@125¾. fours, registered, 111¾@112. fours, coupon, 113¼@114; twos, registered, 98; fives, registered 114¼@114¾; fives, coupon, 114¼@114¾ State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 135; North Carolina fours 102¾ Railroad bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50. Spirits turpentine steady at 30¾@31¼

CHARLESTON, Sept. 23 —Spirits turpentine was firm at 28c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales 500 barrels; A, B, C, $1 05, D, E $1 10 F $1 15, G $1 20 H $1 30, I, $1 40, K $1 40, M $1 45, N $1 75, W G $2 00; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 29c; sales 254 casks; receipts — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 139 barrels; receipts — barrels.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices lower by 7@11 points and ruled irregular and weak; at times decidedly weak for the rest of the session. Cables were a distinctly disappointment, and while crop intelligence was of generally bullish purport there was a disposition on 'Change to turn attention rather to the movement, which, according to forecasts wired from the South, is soon to be a large one. Liquidation became a feature quite early in the morning and continued throughout the day. At the lowest point the market showed a net loss of 10@14 points. Selling was quite general, but led by Southern orders, with Liverpool orders, also quite liberal on the Southern side. At the decline, local traders were disposed to be conservative. Just before the close one house bought about 8 000 bales January at 6 50. The market closed barely steady at a net decline of 11 and 14 points.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 6¾c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady, sales 128 000 bales; Jan'y 6 50 Feb'y 6 54, March 6 58, April 6 62, May 6 66 July —, August —, September 6 52, October 6 45, November 6 42, December 6 45.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6¾c; middling gulf 7c; sales 180 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 8,674 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 6 325 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 180 bales; stock (actual) 44,896 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 41,685 bales; exports to Great Britain 111 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 10,718 bales; stock 856,764 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 201 886 bales; exports to Great Britain 36,388 bales; to France 180 bales; to the Continent 30,804 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 493 886 bales; exports to Great Britain 45,996 bales; exports to France 14,735 bales; exports to the Continent 59 818 bales.

Sept. 23.—Galveston, quiet at 6¾, net receipts 9,215 bales; Norfolk, steady at 6¼, net receipts 178 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅝, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6 18-16, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 6¼, net receipts

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

March 8, 1897.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

STEERING A STEAMSHIP.

"Running the Time and Distance" In Foggy Weather.

Gustav Kobbe has an article entitled "Steering Without a Compass" in St. Nicholas. Mr. Kobbe says:

The degree of A. B. is not confined to college graduates. Aboard ship it means "able bodied" seaman.

Every nautical "A. B." knows how to "box the compass" and how to steer by it, but you will be surprised to learn that no good helmsman will steer by a compass unless all other things fail him. Among those "other things" are the horizon, the wind, the wake of the ship, the stars, the soundings and the line of the surf when running along the coast. And so the ablebodied seaman, when a greenhorn takes his trick at the wheel, hands over the helm to him with this caution, "Keep your head out of the binnacle."

I am speaking of sailing vessels. Steamers, especially those that travel on regular routes, steer by compass. They "run their courses" from point to point—from lighthouse to lighthouse, lightship, day mark, buoy, bell or fog whistle. In thick weather they know, taking wind and tide into consideration, how long they should stand on each course and try never to pass the "signal" at the end of it. When they have seen or heard that signal, they start on the next "run" or course. This is called "running the time and distance." I have gone into Halifax on a steamer that met with thick fog from Cape Cod down. One morning the captain said to me:

"We ought to pick up Sambro in half an hour."

Surely enough, about half an hour later we heard, through the fog, a cannon shot, the distinguishing fog signal of the Sambro light station on the Nova Scotian coast.

Real sailors—the Jack tars that man sailing vessels—actually prefer, as I have said, to steer by signs rather than by compass, and there are times when the steamer pilots have to.

There is **"Mother's Friend"**

No Word so Full of meaning and about which such tender recollections cluster as that of "Mother," yet there are months when her life is filled with pain, dread and suffering, and she looks forward to the final hour with gloomy forebodings, fear and trembling.

prepares the system for the change taking place, assists Nature to make child-birth easy, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. It greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child.

Sent by express, on receipt of price, $1.00. Book to "Expectant Mothers" free upon application.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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LEA & PERRINS'

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS. N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE
BUT
POZZONI'S
Complexion
POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE QUEST.

Upon my lips there fell when first the night
Pales in the highest heaven, seeing day
Far down the fathomless eastern depths away—
Pales with a fearful joy, a dread delight—
Upon my lips, with wakeful watching white
There fell a kiss. One instant's space it lay
Soft as a rosebud that the west winds fray,
And then my eyes awoke to dazzled sight.

The warmth, the tender impact and the thrill
Burnt on my lips, and the calm pulse of sleep
Awoke and quivered quick in soft surprise.
From that day forward knew I love!
And still
By day I search and nightly vigil keep
For her revealed to me in such strange wise.
—The Late H. C. Bunner in Scribner's.

THE BOER AT HOME.

He Does Not Hate All Englishmen, Only Some of Them.

Bryant Lindley met a Boer and asked the way. He received a surly answer which amounted to "Go to the devil!" Upon this he protested angrily, and the Boer rejoined in equal bad humor. At length the Boer shouted, "What's your name anyway?" and when he heard it his manner altered at once, and he exclaimed, "What, and are you the son of the great American missionary Daniel Lindley?" My friend gladly pleaded guilty to this charge, and the surly Boer became at once the most hospitable friend and begged forgiveness for his rudeness. As they rode together toward the road which my friend was seeking the Boer recounted with grateful satisfaction the many good deeds performed by the elder Lindley, but of them all the best to him was that represented by a round thrashing he had once received at the hands of this venerable missionary. For it appeared that this particular Boer in his youth had been sent to a school taught by Lindley; that the Dutchman was noted for his size and strength and had bragged of his capacity to down the teacher, and had actually sought the opportunity by refusing obedience. But he soon learned that he had made a gross mistake, for this particular missionary was also a noted athlete and gave him such a hiding with a bullock whip that the young giant roared for mercy before the whole school. And for this and similar deeds the Boers loved the elder Lindley, and this particular Boer venerated his memory.

On the evening in question, when the two men were about to part, the Boer, who had been so uncivil at first, begged Lindley, with tears in his eyes, to grant him a great favor for the sake of his conscience. "Your father," said he, "did me a service so great that I can never repay it—he gave me the worst thrashing I ever had—he saved my character, and I am a better man today, thanks to him."

My friend cheerfully promised to grant the request, puzzling his head as to what was going to be required of him. The Boer was mounted upon an excellent horse, which he prized beyond anything he owned. He dismounted, put the reins in Lindley's hand and then ran away into the black forest as though the devil were after him. Here was no Indian giving. This Boer had put it out of the power of the American to discover the name or whereabouts of the strange giver.

It is a story typical of the Boer and serves to illustrate many apparent contradictions in his nature. He does not hate Englishmen in general. He hates only those who seem to threaten his peculiar quality of independence.—"The Dutch Feeling Toward England," by Poultney Bigelow, in Harper's Magazine.

THE OPEN BOAT.

At the Mercy of the Sea—Stephen Crane Describes His Sensations.

In the meantime the oiler rowed, and then the correspondent rowed, and then the oiler rowed. Gray faced and bowed forward, they mechanically, turn by turn, plied the leaden oars. The form of the lighthouse had vanished from the southern horizon, but finally a pale star appeared, just lifting from the sea. The streaked saffron in the west passed before the all merging darkness, and the sea to the east was black. The land had vanished and was expressed only by the low and drear thunder of the surf.

"If I am going to be drowned—if I am going to be drowned, why, in the name of the seven mad gods who rule the sea, was I allowed to come thus far and contemplate sand and trees? Was I brought here merely to have my nose dragged away as I was about to nibble the sacred cheese of life?"

The patient captain, drooped over the water jar, was sometimes obliged to speak to the oarsman.

"Keep her head up! Keep her head up!"

"'Keep her head up,' sir," The voices were weary and low.

This was surely a quiet evening. All save the oarsman lay heavily and listlessly in the boat's bottom. As for him, his eyes were just capable of noting the tall black waves that swept forward in a most sinister silence, save for an occasional subdued growl of a crest.

The cook's head was on a thwart, and he looked without interest at the water under his nose. He was deep in other scenes. Finally he spoke. "Billie," he murmured dreamfully, "what kind of pie do you like best?"—"The Open Boat," by Stephen Crane, in Scribner's.

MANAGING HORSES.

HOW YOU SHOULD AND HOW YOU SHOULD NOT TREAT THEM.

Horses Err From Ignorance, Pain or Fright. They Must Be Convinced That Resistance Is Useless—Use the Whip Sparingly and Never Kick the Animal.

Horses are essentially creatures of habit; of gentle, confiding dispositions, but excessively nervous; timid, at times irritable, and prone to resist strenuously anything that frightens them. If, for example, you put a rope halter on an unbroken colt and tie him to a post, the more the rope cuts into his tender skin the greater will be his struggles, while he will soon yield to a halter that inflicts no pain.

Through nervous fright horses sometimes become panic stricken and absolutely uncontrollable. They suffer also occasionally from what, for want of a better name, may be called "nervous paralysis," when they seem to be physically incapable of motion. This condition is almost invariably the result of brutal treatment, and the only reasonable explanation of it is that the first emotion aroused in the horse by punishment is fear; that when he finds that he cannot escape anger and a spirit of resistance are mingled with his fright, and that these combined emotions produce this morbid state.

The horse is quick to take advantage of the ignorance or the fear of those who control him. As compared with the dog, he is somewhat slow of comprehension, but he differs from the dog in this also—that he seldom becomes "too old to learn new tricks," and his memory is so retentive that he never forgets what he has once thoroughly learned.

It may also be set down as a rule, with but few exceptions, that he intends to do just right. If he err, it is from ignorance, pain or fright, rarely from stubbornness or vice. This seems to be generally unknown or at least disregarded, for of all animals the horse is the least understood, the most harshly judged and unjustly treated, and for the least infraction of discipline he is too often brutally punished. If men who train horses would control their tempers and endeavor to ascertain the cause of the animal's misbehavior, they would find that there is often a good excuse for his actions.

The eye is the best index to the animal's feelings. The ears are very expressive, but they do not reveal so plainly the emotions that are dominating him as the eye does. Therefore study the eye with its varying expressions, and when you can read its meaning you hold the key to one of the chief secrets of successful horse training.

The horse should be convinced that resistance is useless, but do not be impatient or harsh. Remember that success is the reward of unwearied patience. If you fail at first, keep trying until you succeed. Do not be discouraged if you do not seem to make much progress. Your task may take weeks or even months, but if you persevere you will triumph.

While it is true that with some horses the whip must be occasionally used, it should be the very last resort, and remember always that one, or at most two, cuts and a few sternly spoken words are more efficacious than an hour's punishment. There is no more vicious or false idea than that a horse is benefited by a "sound thrashing." On the contrary, it is the very worst thing you can do, because the horse's recollection of the pain and the fright occasioned by it is more vivid and enduring than his remembrance of why it was administered, and at your next lesson he is nervous and afraid and at the least note of anger in your voice (for horses judge the mood of the trainer by his manner and his tone of voice) he may become almost uncontrollable in his efforts to escape the expected flagellation.

It is a safe rule for any one having a hasty temper not to have a whip at hand. The temptation to use it may be too great. And it is also wise not to attempt to teach him when you are in a bad humor, for if he does not do just right you will probably vent some of it on him.

When whipping is used only as a last resort, the necessity for it seldom arises. As the horse makes progress in his education he understands better what is required of him and transgresses less frequently, and nearly always a sound rating when he knows that he is misbehaving is sufficient. Smetimes when this is disregarded a slap with the open hand will cause instant obedience.

There are two forms of punishment, or rather brutality, that are inexcusable under any circumstances—these are striking a horse over the head, no matter how light the blow, and kicking him—and aside from their inhumanity there is great danger of permanently injuring him. Whenever during a lesson a colt or young horse becomes heated and angry, cease at once, and if you have been impatient and abused him keep away from him and do not approach him until he has forgotten the occurrence.

Be soothing and gentle in your manner and your tone of voice. Win his confidence, and you will never regret it, for then in the hour of danger your voice and the touch of your hand reassure him, and he will face imminent peril if only you are near.

In conclusion never forget that the triumph of the trainer's art is in willing and cheerful obedience from a desire to please, and because long custom has made it a habit, not because the horse fears to disobey through dread of punishment.—Our Animal Friends.

England and Russia.

Many believe, says Benjamin I. Wheeler in The Atlantic, that Constantinople has been systematically fortified against the English to the west, but not, at least by land, against Russia to the east. A Russian army can enter Constantinople without great difficulty. When the question of forcing the Dardanelles with an English fleet was agitated last winter, the English naval authorities estimated that of the 19 ships lying at Salonika 6 must be sacrificed to do it. The cards have been stacked for Russia. It looks today as if the ultimate occupation of Constantinople by Russia were a foregone conclusion.

What has England to say? The matter concerns her. It seemed for a time that the discovery of the route by the cape of Good Hope would provide an evasion of the eastern question and free her from the necessity of worrying about the Aegean. But the opening of the Suez canal has changed things, and, as if by jealous interposition of geographic fate, drawn the issue back to the old fighting ground in the eastern Mediterranean. If she is to hold India and Australia, England must control the Suez canal and its approaches.

A Story of Whewell.

Sidney Smith said of the great Dr. Whewell, master of Trinity college, that "science was his forte and omniscience his foible." On one occasion two fellows of the college, thinking to get beyond his range, read up the subject of Chinese metaphysics and then disputed about it in the doctor's presence. He listened in silence for a time, and then observed, "Ah, I see you have been reading a paper which I wrote for an encyclopedia of science."

STUART, THE PAINTER.

Curious Hits Born of His Faculty For Reading Faces.

"I don't want people to look at my pictures and say how beautiful the drapery is. The face is what I care about," said Stuart, the great American painter. He was once asked what he considered the most characteristic feature of the face. He replied by pressing the end of his pencil against the tip of his nose, distorting it oddly.

His faculty at reading physiognomy sometimes made curious hits. There was a person in Newport celebrated for his powers of calculation, but in other respects almost an idiot. One day Stuart, being in the British museum, came upon a bust whose likeness was apparently unmistakable. Calling the curator, he said, 'I see you have a head of 'Calculating Jemmy.'"

"'Calculating Jemmy!'" repeated the curator in amazement. "That is the head of Sir Isaac Newton."

On another occasion, while dining with the Duke of Northumberland, his host privily called his attention to a gentleman and asked the painter if he knew him. Stuart had never seen him before.

"Tell me what sort of a man he is."

"I may speak frankly?"

"By all means."

"Well, if the Almighty ever wrote a legible hand he is the greatest rascal that ever disgraced society."

It appeared that the man was an attorney who had been detected in sundry dishonorable acts.

Stuart's daughter tells a pretty story of her father's garret, where many of his unfinished pictures were stored:

"The garret was my playground, and a beautiful sketch of Mme. Bonaparte was the idol that I worshiped. At last I got possession of colors and an old panel and fell to work copying the picture. Suddenly I heard a frightful roaring sound. The kitchen chimney was on fire. Presently my father appeared, to see if the fire was likely to do any damage. He saw that I looked very foolish at being caught at such presumptuous employment and pretended not to see me. But presently he could not resist looking over my shoulder.

"'Why, boy,' said he—so he used to address me—'you must not mix your colors with turpentine. You must have some oil.'"

It is pleasant to add that the little girl who thus found her inspiration eventually became a portrait painter of merit.—Youth's Companion.

Many of the streets of Paris are lined with trees. If a tree dies, another of the same kind, age and size is brought from the state forests and put in its place. The cost is something tremendous, but Paris is the most beautiful of modern cities.

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TO SHELBY, N. C.

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TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

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Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 53 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 15 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 33 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 18 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 35—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m, Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m, Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

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TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.03 p. m, Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.03 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m, Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1 58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8 00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 12, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 2.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except (Sunday 2 60 p m — No. 60—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m. Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m. St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 39—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 5.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.58 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.40 p m — No, 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.35 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m,, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 55 a m, Greenville 8.53 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 38 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8 30 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m. Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 35 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 6 a m, Nashville 6 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.18 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lanes 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.06 a m, Manning 9.05 a m. arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 24, 1897

LUETGERT MURDER TRIAL.

Three Witnesses Testify That They Saw Mrs. Luetgert Alive Two Days After the Alleged Murder.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 23.—Viewed from various standpoints, to-day's proceedings in the Luetgert murder trial were the most remarkable that have occurred within three weeks. In the face of the sensational circumstantial evidence, which goes to prove that Mrs. Louise Luetgert met death in her husband's sausage factory on May 1st, three witnesses testified to day that they saw the woman alive on May 3rd and 4th. One of these witnesses talked to her and believed from a description and a photograph of Mrs. Luetgert that the woman he saw was Mrs. Luetgert. This witness was Matt J. Sholey, a bar-keeper at the Hotel Maple, Kenosha, Wis. He said he saw a strange woman at the Hotel Maple on the evening of May 3rd. He talked with her nearly ten minutes. She asked to be directed to the farm of one Mueller, in the neighborhood, but as no one seemed to know of such person, the woman left on the following day. Sholey again saw the woman. He described her general appearance and clothing and identified a photograph of Mrs. Luetgert as the woman he saw. On cross-examination, by State's Attorney Deneen, witness Sholey at first fixed the weight of the woman he saw at 130 or 140 pounds. Then he hesitated—said he had got mixed up—and remarked that the woman weighed 115 to 118 pounds, which was about Mrs. Luetgert's weight. This hesitation and correction was made much of by the prosecution, which intimated that it indicated that Sholey had forgotten the weight that had been probably told him at first.

Policeman Henry Feldshaw, of Kenosha, Wis., testified that he saw a strange woman in the police station of his town on May 3d. The witness said he afterwards saw the woman at the Hotel Maple and the following day at the railway station. He described the woman as a blonde and said she wore a sailor hat and slippers. One of the slippers she had worn was found in the police station after she had left. The witness identified the picture of Mrs. Luetgert as closely resembling the woman he saw.

Wm. J. Grunsten, a clerk in the Grant Hotel, Kenosha, identified the photograph as the picture of a woman he saw in his hotel on May 3d. He said she came into the hotel and remained ten minutes. He described the woman and corroborated the evidence of the other witnesses.

Emma Schimpke came to the court-room to hear Rose Gleich impeach her evidence given on Wednesday. Attorney Phelan discovered her presence in the room, and called her to the witness stand. When asked if she had told Rose Gleich she had lied on the witness stand, she replied, "I don't remember."

"Did you not tell Harry Fiedler you lied when you said you saw Mrs. Luetgert May 1st?" "I don't remember."

"Did you not tell Rose Gleich you did not see Mr. and Mrs. Luetgert the night of May 1st?" "I may have said so."

Mrs. Hattie Sherrer, the last witness of the day, testified positively that Emma Schimpke told her that the testimony the Schimpke girl had given ont the witness stand was untrue.

Late in the afternoon the witness Sholey who had testified that he saw Mrs. Luetgert in Kenosha and that she was a woman weighing 140 pounds, announced that he desired to correct his testimony. He took the stand and delivered himself of the following:

"When I said the woman weighed 140 pounds, I meant to say that she weighed 115. I was thinking of her age when I made my former statement."

"What's that?" asked State's Attorney Deneen.

"I was thinking of her age when I said she weighed 140 pounds."

"You mean, do you, that she was about 140 years old and weighed 115 pounds. Is that it?"

"That's it. I was thinking of her age."

"That's all," said the State's Attorney, and Sholey stepped down.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Staple Cottons in Request at Unchanged Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The dry goods market shows no features of moment, the dullness of the week being fully as marked as at the opening. Nevertheless in everything except print cloths the market remains firm. These show a tendency toward weakness, but it is thought that the trading would be heavy at a slightly lower price for extras. Jobbers are experiencing a lull after the heaviest run of business in several years. Woollen goods are firm and in steady request on re orders. Silks are in fair demand at advanced prices. Reports from out-of-town show a universally good distribution at second hands and at retail. The fact that an epidemic of fever has been checked in Texas and Louisiana has resulted in mail orders which show a resumption of trading to be probable at an early date. Staple cottons are in quiet request at unchanged prices. The foreign demand continues light, and there has been a marked decrease in the production of those lines of cottons. Print cloths are nominally quoted at 2⅝c.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Ex-Secretary B. J. Tracey the Choice of Republicans for the Mayoralty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The leaders of the regular Republican party in the Assembly districts of New York county held a secret conference this afternoon. Lemuel E Quigg, chairman of the county committee, presided. At the close of the conference, Mr. Quigg announced that a resolution had been adopted asking former Secretary of the Navy, Benjamin J. Tracey, to allow the use of his name as the candidate for the Mayoralty of Greater New York of the Republican party in the coming city convention.

The resolution which was introduced by Chairman Quigg was passed unanimously. As soon as possible the action of the conference will be made known to Gen. Tracey.

BUNGLING EXECUTION.

Silvanus Johnson Hanged at Key West, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 23.—Silvanus Johnson was hanged here at 11:33 o'clock to-day for rape. The hangman bungled the execution, the knot slipping under the chin. Johnson struggled violently for ten minutes and was still alive at the end of twenty-five minutes. He confessed his crime, professed conversion, and died forgiving and blessing his enemies. An orderly crowd witnessed the execution.

Carefully prepared estimates of the injury done to the tobacco crop of Kentucky by heavy frosts of the last two nights, show that at least 30 per cent. of the crop has been killed and that much [illegible] done to the remainder.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

SURGEON GENERAL WYMAN'S REPORT ON THE SITUATION.

Very Little Improvement at New Orleans and Mobile—Sixteen New Cases at Edwards—Atlanta Reports One Case Among Refugees From Mobile—No Fear of the Disease Spreading.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Surgeon General Wyman to-day sent to various State Boards of Health the following bulletin summarizing the yellow fever situation:

"The following cases of yellow fever were officially reported as occurring on the 23d: New Orleans, 13; Mobile, 4; Edwards, Miss., 18; Beaumont, Tex., 1."

Reports from Ocean Springs, Biloxi, and Scranton, Miss., delayed. Suspected case at St. Louis reported as malaria. No case in the city. Suspected dredge boats at Mount Pleasant, Mo., declared free from infection by acting Assistant Surgeon John Guilleras.

Dr. Sautelle has been directed by the Surgeon General to fumigate all baggage from infected points at a point near Atlanta, Ga.

Surgeon Murray telegraphed to-day from Ocean Springs, Miss., as follows:

"Visited Ship Island at Dr. Haralson's request to arrange for protection of fleet; had conference with Passed Assistant Surgeon Smith, pilots, stevedores and masters on open barge, and prepared rules with Haralson, which we will print. Assistant, two men and boat needed; Smith to have command. Haralson can loan boat. So important that I went to Biloxi; 21st, one death; 22d, new cases, 5; death 1, which I saw and decided. Total cases, including 22d, 55, errors corrected. No reports from Scranton. Four new cases here."

Surgeon General Glen reported two new cases and one death at Mobile.

NEW ORLEANS September 23.—The local fever situation did not show any improvement to-day when results were summed up. There were fewer cases than were reported on yesterday, but there was one more death than in the previous twenty-four hours, and at least four of the patients were reported at 6 o'clock to be in a dangerous condition.

The ninth new case reported to-day was that of Mrs. Lessemes. The woman had been sick for several days, but she had apparently no friends, or if she did, they were afraid to go near her. It was only this morning that a doctor was summoned, and when he went to the house he diagnosed the case as yellow fever. The woman died of inattention as much as of the prevailing fever. Marie Dubois, who died this morning, was a child nearly three and a half years old living in Carrollton, where the disease has been especially prevalent. She was taken ill on the 16th and her case was diagnosed as yellow fever. The other death was Creto, an Italian, and as in other cases of Italians afflicted, a physician was only called in when there was no hope of saving his life.

At a special meeting of the city council it was decided to put at once $35.000 at the disposal of the Board of Health. A like sum is to be held in reserve to be used in the event the situation shall become serious enough to warrant the use of it by the Board.

NEW ORLEANS, September 23.—One death occurred since the official report, and of the four three are Italians. The neighborhoods in which the poor Sicilian lives, are thickly settled and very dirty, and the Board of Health has recognized the necessity of removing and isolating these people so as to take away so much food for infection. A camp of detention was established at Oakland. The Italians refused to go there, deeming it a plot to do them harm. Leading citizens of their own race went among them and argued that their going to the place was one of self-preservation and fifty were taken out.

ATLANTA, GA., September 23.—The Board of Health of Atlanta announced to-day that Carrie Fleming, fourteen years old, who refugeed from Mobile with her father and mother, and who is stopping at a boarding house at No. 119 Auburn avenue, is suffering with yellow fever.

The Board of Health met to-night and issued the following statement:

"In view of the fact that the Board of Health has promised to say freely and frankly to the public the exact status of yellow fever in Atlanta, we deem it our duty to publish the following statement:

"On the 16th instant there came to Atlanta from Mobile a young girl, Carrie Fleming, accompanied by her father and mother. On the 20th instant she was taken sick; was seen by some physician, whose name is unknown to the board, on Monday, who called again next day and found her better and dismissed the case. On Wednesday, the 22d, Dr. T. D. Longino was called in and considered the case rather suspicious. Dr. J. C. Olmstead was called in this afternoon, and in conjunction with Dr. Longino, made a positive diagnosis of yellow fever. The case seems to be very mild and the indications point to recovery. The patient, her father and mother, and other individuals from Mobile who were in the house, have been placed under strict quarantine. The Board of Health does not consider that there is the least danger of any Atlantian or individuals not exposed in infected cities catching the disease, nor is it surprised at the development of this case, having anticipated that such sporadic cases would occur.

MOBILE, September 23.—The official report to-day is that so far there have been thirty-eight cases of pronounced yellow fever, three have died, sixteen have been discharged and nineteen remain under treatment. Two of the cases were reported and ten were discharged to day. Up to noon there had been no deaths since Saturday last and all the sick but one or two are reported doing well. There were at the close of last week four serious localities of infection, namely: The neighborhood of Christ church, in the vicinity of Washington square, near the marine hospital and city hospital and in the extreme northwestern part of the town. Since that time there have been no further developments in any of these localities save in the second named, and in that the spread of the fever has been remarkably slow, so slow that there is now hope that it will be stamped out altogether. Another death was added to the list to-night, namely, John J. Bourne, chief clerk of the Louisville & Nashville shops."

The weather is clear and cool during the day and quite cold at night, the thermometer dropping to fifty degrees. Dr. Glennan is making every effort to facilitate the release of freight from here. To-day he had two car-loads of cotton disinfected for shipment to New Orleans.

EDWARDS, MISS., September 23.—Total cases to day, 16; total cases to date, 100. Total deaths to-day, none; total deaths to date, 4. Convalescent, 88; now under treatment, 51.

La Touraine, of the French steamship line, which sails from Havre on Saturday next, will bring $1,000,000 in gold consigned to the Hanover National Bank of New York.

TROY, N. C., Sept. 5, 1897.—I was in a debilitated condition. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it restored me to my usual health. I do not think there is any medicine equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood and building up the system. W. T. BOULDEN.

HOOD'S PILLS cure [illegible]

THE HAZLETON STRIKERS.

Inquest Into the Deaths of Miners Killed By Sheriff's Deputies—Strike Situation Unchanged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAZLETON, PA., Sept. 23.—Coroner McKee this afternoon began the inquest in the deaths of the score of striking miners who were shot by a posse of sheriff's deputies at Lattimer. A two hours' session was held, during which a score of witnesses were examined.

There was present quite an array of attorneys, and they occasionally suggested questions to the coroner on the examination. District Attorney D. A. Fell, of Luzerine county, was there, and H. A. Fuller, of Wilkesbarre, appeared for the coroner; State Chairman Garmen, John McGahren and B. H. Laughlin for the prosecution, and George H Troutman, of Hazelton, for the deputies. Dr. Thodorovich, secretary to the Austro Hungarian consulate at Philadelphia, and R. D. Coxe, attorney for the consulate, were also present.

Nearly all the testimony adduced was a repetition of that brought out at the hearing of the deputies at Wilkesbarre. Most of the witnesses were foreign strikers in the march halted by the deputies' deadly fusilade. They gave the details of the affray as already published, and all declared that none of the strikers were armed; that Sheriff Martin pulled a revolver on them, but no one attempted to take it from him; that no violence had been offered the officials, and that the miners had no intention of making an unlawful demonstration. The hearing will be resumed to-morrow.

The strike situation remains unchanged to-day, except for the return to work of those Harwood miners who were afraid to go back yesterday. Every colliery in the region worked and there was not the slightest disorder anywhere.

The question of the withdrawal of the militia remains undetermined, but that it will begin before the end of the week is felt by those at headquarters to be almost a certainty.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Village of Bainbridge, Ohio, Swept by Flames—Two Lives Lost—Property Damage $50,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, September 23.—An entire square in the village of Bainbridge, containing most of the business houses, several handsome residences, and the Methodist church, was entirely destroyed by fire this afternoon, and two prominent business men lost their lives in an explosion which occurred in the drug store of W P. Beardsley. The fire was started in a barn by two boys who were playing with matches. Beardsley's drug store adjoining was next ablaze and with the limited means at hand for fighting fire, the flames became uncontrolable. In the midst of the excitement, an explosion occurred in the drug store and Mr. Beardsley, who was inside endeavoring to save some of his property, lost his life in the ruins. His brother-in-law, Thomas Higgins, who went to his rescue, was unable to get out and was burned to death, while several others were more or less injured, but none fatally. There was a stiff breeze blowing and the flames getting a fresh start from the burning oils and chemicals in the wrecked drug store leaped from house to house until it was evident that the entire town was doomed. A message was sent to Waverly and to this city asking for aid and both fire departments promptly responded. The best that could be done was to prevent the fire being communicated to the other squares. The estimated loss is $50 000. The bodies of Beardsley and Higgins were found on the floor about fifteen feet from the front entrance, mutilated and burned beyond recognition. To-night scores of people are homeless. Relief has been sent from the city and the needs of the grief-stricken people will be tenderly looked after.

CUBA LIBRE.

Address of President Allen of the Cuban League of the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 23.—President Ethan Allen, of the Cuban League of the United States, to-day issued the following address to the members of the League: "A year of patriotic work is about to end in the grandest results. Last Spring nearly every Governor of this Republic, at our request, backed by the Legislature of his State, spoke for Cuban independence. Many hundreds of thousands of citizens, responding to the appeal of this league, have made manifest that public opinion is on the side of the Cuban insurgents and hostile to their oppressors. Now the hour of emancipation for Cuba is at hand. The commanding voice of the nation has at last reached the Executive. Though the delay has been much too long, still the retribution at hand will excuse past delinquency. Our minister in Spain, with a patriotic President behind him, will do that which shall end the murder, plunder and medæval tyranny in Cuba, allowing its entry into sovereign States. The nation is ready with guns if necessary. Every member of this league should be alert to uphold the President in such policy. Let all when the moment comes say to him, "all divisions end at the water's edge."

SENSATION AT MADRID.

Caused by the Attitude of the United States on the Cuban Question.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, September 23.—A dispatch to the *Temps* from Madrid says: "The attitude of the United States has caused a great sensation at Madrid, because opinion has been lured on by the optimistic communications of the Spanish Minister at Washington upon the character and duration of the correct attitude of the United States Government; and, that too, despite the several warnings from Mr. Olney and Mr. Cleveland's message. The official bulletins of Captain General Weyler also have received too much confidence when the United States Government was every month receiving from its consuls and special envoys totally different news.

"The general impression at San Sebastian and Madrid is that the Spanish Government will try to drag the negotiations along, unless it rejects purely and simply the good offices of the United States on the ground of public opinion and upon the further ground that the opposition would not permit it to tolerate foreign intervention even though amicable."

THE U. S. AND MOROCCO

A Squadron of War-Ships Will be Sent to Tangier If Claims are Not Settled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TANGIER, Morocco, September 23.—The United States cruiser San Francisco, flagship of the European squadron, which arrived here on Tuesday last to investigate and obtain redress if necessary for the reported flogging of American citizens at Mogadar and support the promised settlement of former claims of the United States against Morocco, left port to day. It is stated here that if the claims of the United States are not settled within a reasonable time, a squadron of United States war vessels will be sent to Morocco.

The Sultan of Morocco has sent an army corps to punish the Riffans for their several recent acts of piracy.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

GOVERNOR RUSSELL SUSPENDS THE TWO WILSONS.

L. C. Caldwell of Statesville, and John H. Pearson of Morganton, Appointed to Succeed Them—Really Butler's Appointments—The Courts Will Decide the Matter—Other Raleigh News.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 23.

Mrs. Pattie D. B. Arrington has returned to the city after an absence of many months. She is still wrapt up in several law suits and she is as enthusiastic over them as ever.

Robert Stafford, the best ball player North Carolina has ever produced, will wear a National League Uniform next year. Stafford who has led the battery in the Western league this year, has been drafted by the Louisville Club. He has been with Milwaukee two years. He is a native of Guilford county and resides with his people several miles from Greensboro, out of base ball season.

A very beneficial rain has prevailed here since last evening. The storm was not severe here.

Sheriff Jones has appointed his brother, J. W. Jones, to a position in his office.

Mayor Caldwell, of Statesville, is here in the interest of a man named Miller, who is serving a ten-year sentence in the penitentiary for manslaughter in Iredell county. Mr. Caldwell has appealed to the Governor to grant the man a pardon.

Raleigh will not establish quarantine against the South, though some citizens desired that it be done. The quarantine at Norfolk is causing passengers much inconvenience.

The effort to inject the railroad fight into the Democratic policy for the next campaign is meeting with little encouragement. It is safe to say that not one Democrat in a hundred favors the plan. It does not take long to find this out by discussing the subject with every-day Democrats.

[*Special Star Telegram*]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 23.—Governor Russell suspends the two Wilsons, appointing L C Caldwell, of Statesville, in place of Maj. Wilson, and John H. Pearson, of Morganton, in place of S. Otho Wilson. They are really Butler's appointments, both being under his dominion. Pearson claims to be a Democrat, but has been awful wobbly.

The following letter was addressed by Gov. Russell to Maj. J. W. Wilson: "Take notice, that after due investigation and consideration, I am convinced that you have violated the railroad commission law in some of the particulars mentioned in the letter to you of August 24, and that you have not only violated said act in the specifications set out in said act, but that you have otherwise within the meaning and intent and words of said act, become disqualified to act. Now, therefore, in obedience to the duty imposed upon me by said Act of Assembly, I do hereby suspend you from the office of railroad commissioner, and of chairman of said commissioners, such suspension to continue until the question of your removal or restoration shall be determined by the majority of the General Assembly in joint session. The fact of your suspension, together with the reason therefor, and the evidence, documents and information connected therewith, will be reported to the next General Assembly.

'You will further take notice that under and by virtue of the powers conferred and duties imposed by law upon the Chief Executive, I have appointed L. C. Caldwell, of Iredell county, to fill the vacancy created by your suspension. Inasmuch as you are understood to deny the power of the executive to suspend you from office as provided by the statute, I have requested Mr. Caldwell to make demand on you for possession of the office, and upon your refusal to bring action therefor, to the end that the title for the office may be judicially determined.

A similar letter was sent to Otho Wilson, naming Pearson as his successor.

Pearson and Caldwell are both here. They will personally appear at the commissioners' office to-morrow and demand the offices, which, of course, will be refused.

Though the Wilsons will be in actual possession of office, their salaries will cease, as Treasurer Worth is managed by the Governor.

L. C. Caldwell said to-night: "My appointment came like lightning. Governor Russell summoned me here and first broke the news yesterday. I return to Salisbury to-night and will take the oath before Judge Furches. I will not demand the office for some days."

Pearson will take the oath of office before Judge Montgomery to-morrow. He will also make demand for office. As both will be refused, Pearson will institute suit for the office in Wake Superior Court and Caldwell in Iredell Court.

Otho Wilson doesn't take the matter seriously; only laughs at Russell's action. It is said that Attorney General Walser sides with Commissioners Wilson, and will defend them in court.

A lady who arrived from New Orleans to-day created some uneasiness. Secretary Lewis of the State Board of Health, writes the Governor against the advisability of admitting fever refugees into the western part of the State.

Julian Carr offers a gold medal for the best poultry exhibit at the State Fair.

VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL

A Fourteen Year Old Boy Tried for His Life in Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, Va., September 23.—Vernon Hill, the 14-year old son of Robert Hill, of this city, charged with the killing of Stanford Nelson, a negro boy of about his own age, was tried to-day in the Hustings court and acquitted.

The jury reached the verdict without leaving their seats. Expert evidence in the case showed the negro boy's death was not the direct consequence of the fist blow on the back of the neck dealt him by young Hill, but was due to congestion of the lungs. An autopsy made by the coroner developed no indication of injury to head or brain.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

WARM WIRELETS

W E Clark a resident of Linton, Fla., drowned himself in one of the fresh-water lakes in the edge of the Everglades.

A Floridian, from Cuba, reports that the recent filibustering expedition was captured and that nineteen men on the vessel were slain by the Spaniards.

At the meeting of the American Society of Railroad Superintendents in Nashville, R. M. Sully, of Petersburg, Va., was elected treasurer of the organization.

Schooner, Mary F. Godfrey, from Mayport, Fla., for Philadelphia, with lumber, put in at Charleston, S C. waterlogged and otherwise damaged in the hurricane.

The schooner Haraldine, which arrived at Charleston, S C. last night, reports that the schooner Minnie A Borsail sank in latitude 31, longitude 79.10. All hands saved.

The business portion of College Station, a suburb of Birmingham, Ala., was almost wiped out by fire. Twenty-one buildings were destroyed. The loss will amount to $20 000, which is almost covered by insurance.

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Thomas S Luke, Emanuel Herman and Charles I Roth as customs inspectors at Sitka, Alaska, at $5 per day. These appointments were made necessary by the exodus to the Klondike region.

The World Continued to Exist.

At the time of the Millerite delusion in 1843, when many people believed that the end of the world would come on a certain day in April, and many others who did not really believe were yet moved to superstitious uneasiness by the fervor of the Millerites, there were a number of eager watchers for the appointed day in an old New England town.

It was a late spring, and there was a light fall of snow on the ground. On the night before the dreadful date there flamed in the sky a magnificent crimson aurora, and the red light in the heavens, with its red reflection on the snow, terrified many nervous people to the verge of distraction. They thought it signified the beginning of universal destruction.

One woman, who lived alone, with the back of her house close to a cemetery, waked near midnight and was overcome with horror. Without stopping to dress she ran out of her house and along close beside the burying ground boundary toward the dwelling of her next neighbor. Her bare feet slipped in the snow, and once she fell, but rose immediately and ran on.

Her neighbors also were awake, the wife lying quaking in bed, the husband at the window. He looked out just as the frantic figure in white sprang up from her fall in the drifted snow—emerging, as it appeared, from the graveyard, and bathed in blood red light. Turning his head, he shouted back hastily into the dark chamber:

"It's true, wife, the end of the world has come. The dead are rising from their graves. I've just seen the first one."

The supposed corpse, however, presently took refuge in his house, and when morning dawned and the world still existed the trio were no doubt reassured.—Youth's Companion.

Mother of the Cocoa.

"I was never more deeply impressed with nature's wondrous care of her children than by a spectacle to which my attention was recently directed in the island of Trinidad," said Mr. Robinson, treasurer of the Barber Asphalt company. "On my last trip to Trinidad," Mr. Robinson went on to say, "I asked for the first time how it happened that the cocoa trees always grew in the shadow of a larger tree whose branches were notably long and rich in foliage. I had seen the cocoa in many other climes, and it always seemed able to take care of itself. I was told that experiments had been made in Trinidad with the cocoa to see if it could not thrive alone, and it had been proved beyond question that it could not. The blaze of the equatorial sun down there is so fierce that the cocoa withers and dies unless it is protected by the shade of its companion tree, to which the name 'mother of the cocoa' has been very appropriately given.

"Another marked peculiarity about the climate of the group of islands in that latitude is that alien races who go there to dwell dare not drink much of the water. The natives thrive on it well enough, but persons not native cannot imbibe it with safety. Boiling or filtering does not seem to do it much good, and the consequence is that all the white people on the islands have to drink whisky as a regular beverage. Scotch whisky and soda are more popular there than in Scotland, and one drinks this concoction with meals as milk, wine, beer, coffee or tea is drunk elsewhere."—St. Louis Republic.

A Vegetarian Under Fire.

Some men have an idea that their views should be obtruded whenever there is an opening. There was an illustration of this want of tact given on a Woodward avenue car the other evening. After a thin, pale man and a big, florid man had been engaged in a warm discussion for a time the smaller and more peppery of the two made it apparent that he wanted all those present for an audience. He was averse to hiding his light under a bushel.

"I am a vegetarian," he shouted. "I never saw one of your beef eaters yet that could think clearly or reason intelligently." Then some of the indignant passengers that did not agree with him and resented his sweeping assertions came in with their voluntaries.

"Hair's just the color of a carrot," chuckled the fat man, with a wheeze.

"Nose is a little 'reddish,'" said the young man in evening dress.

"And something of a 'turnup,'" tittered the pretty girl hanging to the same strap.

"Bet he's a 'beat,'" snorted the butcher.

"Regular 'punkin 'ead,'" growled the Englishman who had eaten many an ox, and everybody expected a fight.

When the vanquished vegetarian raised a parsnip shaped finger to the conductor, the parson in the corner murmured, "Lettuce have peas," and the tittering girl ended the fusillade by requesting the little man not to "squash" her as he wedged his way to the rear platform.—Detroit Free Press.

A Carpet Knight.

The following curious definitions of a carpet knight were recently given in an English examination: "One who received his knighting upon the field of the cloth of gold," "a knight who stood on a carpet and had another thrown over him while being knighted," "the common black beetle, which, when squashed, resembles all the different shades of a brussels carpet," "a knight which sleeps on a carpet," "a man like, for instance, Sir X. & Co., who is one of the best carpet makers, and because he did make them so well he was make a knight."

A shot was said to go off "because the sudden shock in a sort of way frightens the bullet." And it was declared that a dog turns around several times before settling down to sleep "to make sure he is not sitting on any unpleasant object, such as a black beetle, pin," etc.

BUSINESS LOCALS

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A young man from the country, aged from 15 to 20 years with a good common school education to clerk in a grocery store. Apply at grocery store No. 134 southwest corner Market and Second streets. sep 22 2t

For Rent—Desirable House No. 218 South Second street, containing six large rooms, linen closet, pantry and all modern conveniences. City water, cistern and pump, all on premises. Apply to M. Crooly, Jr. sep 18 tf

Handsome Furniture for sale on account of removal, 410 North Seventh street. se 21 3t*

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

For Rent—Jewett House on Fourth street, opposite Grace M. E Church. Apply to H. B. Jewett, at Whitlock's. sep 19 tf

Piano and Harmony—October 1st, I will open a class for Piano Instruction and Harmony. Address, A. H Vopp, 415 Grace street. Reference, New England Conservatory. sep 19 6t

Oriental Cream of Roses—Just the thing for Ladies who are now returning from the seashore with tanned or freckled faces and skin; removes freckles and tan and beautifies the complexion. Perfectly harmless. Address P. O. Box 488, Wilmington N. C. sep 12 tf

Two or three young men can obtain good board in a desirable locality at reasonable rates. Address L., care of this office. sep 10 tf

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

Ship your Beef-Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, 10 m 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 99. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H. has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c31

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY. THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

au 15 tf

To the Property Owners of Wilmington.

I HAVE SEVERED MY CONNECTION WITH Mr. D. O'Connor, whom I have been with for the past nine years, and have decided to enter the Real Estate business for myself. Any property intrusted to my care will be attended to as well as it is possible for it to be done. I solicit a share of your patronage and will endeavor to give satisfaction.

Respectfully, WM. SHEEHAN, Jr.,
Renting and Collecting Agent.

Office on Princess street, between Second and Third streets, next to Marsden Bellamy's law office. sep 19 tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND,

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings completely Equipped. jy 24 2m su we sa

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year.
Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
122 and 124 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md.
jy 24 2m sa we

Cape Fear Academy

BEGINS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15. A home School preparing for Business or College. Young pupils carefully taught. Its students have taken high positions in College, Business and Competitive Examinations. New buildings and thorough equipment. W. CATLETT, Principal. sep 3 2w 120 North Fifth street.

PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.

203-205-207 S. Canal St., Chicago.

sep 11 tf

AN EARLY FALL.

We expect an early Fall. Our DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter have arrived and are decidedly the prettiest Patterns we have ever shown. Everything is new, in style and fabric. England and France divide honors this season, and the modesty of one mingles with the gayety of the other.

NEW WEAVES FOR FALL OF 1897.

These goods are now in stock and we urge our customers to call and select patterns before they are "PICKED OVER."

DRAP D' ETE, a beautiful fabric with the soft twill of the Henrietta on one side and the appearance of Ladies' Cloth on the other.

E'PINGLES.—The heavy twill-characteristic of the old Irish Poplins is noticeable in this fabric, and there is one thing sure, nothing wears better

"EUDORA" Silk Warp. You must call for this weave and examine in order to appreciate it

VENETIAN CLOTH - Like Venice, is beautiful, and the price is moderate and within the reach of all.

PAGUIN SERGE—Another new weave, different from anything you have seen. It's an innovation bound to awaken the admiration and bring forth exclamations of delight from womankind.

Bayadere Effects, Broadcloths, Novelty Checks and Plaids in all colors.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

au 29 tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

No. 9 North Front Street.

"We Want Your Business."

GOODS AND STYLES NEW. PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

The fashions are with us. A satisfied customer is our best advertisement. We do not propose to have any others. "IT DOES NOT PAY."

This week we offer specials in our Carpet Department. New goods arriving daily. See our line of

75c Brussel Carpets.

The best $1.00 Kid Glove in the city, all new. Every pair warranted.

We are still Agents for the W. B. CORSETS.

NEW DRESS GOODS

are on display. We have no old goods to show you.

When ordering samples mention this paper.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

sep 19 tf No. 9 North Front street.

Moving, Moving

On October 1st we will move to Southeast corner Second and Market streets, previously occupied by Sneed & Co.

To save handling and moving we will make reduced prices in everything in the Furniture line.

To all those who move and have a house cleaning on October 1st, this is an opportunity for you. We invite you to call and see us. Come early and avoid delay in getting your goods delivered promptly.

THE SNEED CO.,

116 Market Street,

sep 12 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Fix Up Your Homes.

Take Advantage of the Low Prices.

Mattings.
110 Rolls to select from.
A Splendid Matting ..... 10c per yard
Very Pretty Cotton Warps 15c
Extra Heavy Seamless 22½c
40 & 50c Mattings, Carpet Patterns, our price 35c

Carpets.
Hemp Carpets ..... 13½ & 18c
Rag Carpets 23c
Stair Carpets ..... 15c and upwards
50c Carpets 39c
75c Carpets 60c

Rugs, Rugs.
About 500 to select from.
Smyrna Rugs ..... 45c and upwards
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Window Shades.
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Regular 75c ..... Our price 39c
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